

EXHIBIT 41

Google Home Teardown

Published: November 7, 2016

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TEARDOWN

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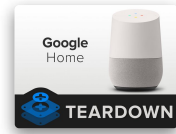
Introduction

Google is looking to bring the robot assistants of the future to the world today. Equipped with Google Assistant, the Google Home is raring to work with smart home devices, support Google services, and answer your everyday questions. Does it have what it takes to fulfill your futuristic fantasies and smart home dreams? Time to tear down the ~~house~~ Home!

We don't want you to miss a thing as the future becomes the present. Follow us on [Instagram](#), [Facebook](#), or [Twitter](#) to stay caught up.

This teardown is **not** a repair guide. To repair your Google Home, use our [service manual](#).

Step 1 Google Home Teardown



- Ok, Google. Let's look at your Home's specifications:
 - High excursion speaker with 2" driver + dual 2" passive radiators
 - Far-field microphones
 - Customizable base
 - 802.11ac (2.4GHz/5GHz) Wi-Fi
 - "Touch surface" controls
- Armed with some X-ray reconnaissance from [Creative Electron](#), we stand ready to begin this Home invasion.

2 comments

Step 2



- No neat smell from this [air freshener](#) unit (so far), but we do find a "standby" button for Home's microphones, along with a status LED.
 - ⓘ Handy, in case you want some privacy from the Google overmind...
- The foot features the A/C power port, model number, and various certifications.
- With a diameter of 3.79 inches and a height of 5.62 inches, this rounder, gentler, speaker comes in just over half the height of the [Amazon Echo](#).

4 comments

Step 3



- i** Perhaps to set it apart from Amazon's limited color options (there're only two) for the Echo, the Google Home comes with a magnetically attached removable base, that you can swap out for a new [color](#).
- Removing the base gives us our first look at that high-excursion speaker and a hidden micro-USB debug/programming port.
 - To pull out the four Torx screws hiding deep in the speaker recess, we pull out our set of fixed-blade screwdrivers for a little extra reach.
 - Once they're out, we pop the top. The lid separates with ease, and finally the capsule is open.

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Step 4



- Here we see the Home's tiny telegraph machine. Just kidding. Its an arm that goes between the mute button and its switch on the board, to give it just the right amount of springy resistance.
- After [sending out](#) a few test signals, we move on to disconnect a pesky interconnect cable.
- This cable runs from motherboard up to a board tucked in the top of the lid, probably home to a fancy microphone and LED array.

[One comment](#)





Step 5



- We turn up the heat on this teardown and bust out some enhanced interrogation tools—an iOpener and [dental pick](#) to be exact.
- There is some seriously serious adhesive holding this board to the upper case.
- With a final yank (and a healthy dose of isopropyl alcohol to dissolve the oodles of glue), the LED board comes free to reveal the source of our struggle: a ton of adhesive tape.

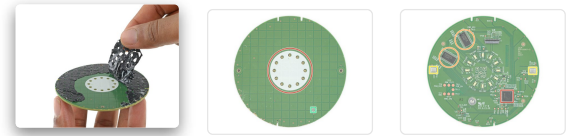
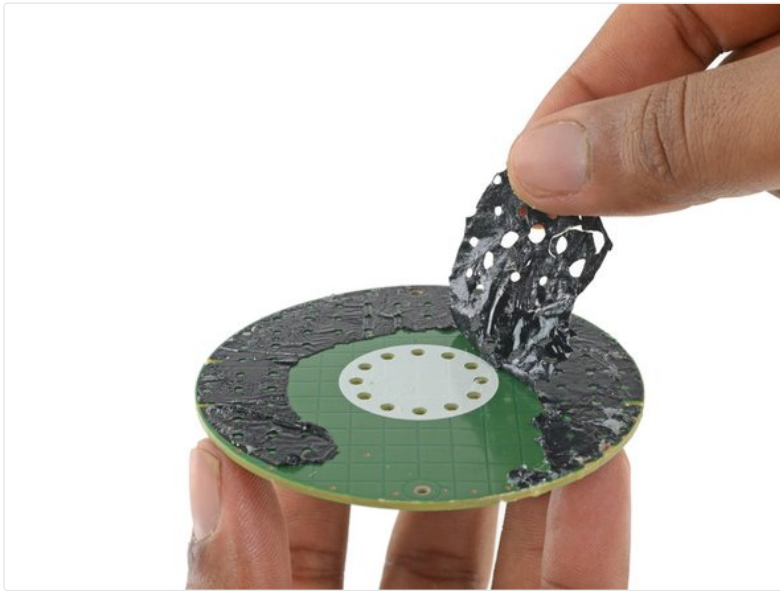


TOOL USED ON THIS STEP:
Probe and Pick Set

\$19.99

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Step 6





- Here's the source of our board removal strife: A layer of super sticky adhesive, keeping the capacitive board in contact with the plastic upper case.
- ❗ This [round green grid](#) is half of an array of capacitors—with the other half buried in another, deeper PCB layer. By measuring the total capacitance of each row and column, the controller can detect when—and pinpoint where—your finger is modifying the capacity of the grid through capacitive coupling. [Science!](#)
- This side of the board also hosts an array of 12 status LEDs.
- On the backside we find some chips:
 - Atmel [ATSAMD21](#) 32-bit ARM [Cortex-M0+](#) microcontroller
 - Two NXP [PCA9956BTW](#) LED drivers
 - Two InvenSense [INMP621](#) MEMS microphones—will only two be enough compared to the [Echo's](#) seven?
 - Ambient Light Sensor


 8 comments

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 What's the QR code say?
[Alex](#) - 11/07/2016

 It says QCM650-00987-010A6AD02571. It appears to be the number of the board silk screened at approximately 2:00 on the board photo.
[Jeff Hager](#) - 11/29/2016

 Any idea what IC U2 on the top is?
Also, MP1? "MP" usually designates a mechanical part but it's tough to tell from the pictures what that is for?
[Kevin Fisk](#) - 10/17/2017

 My microphone went bad on my Google home, is it possible to replace those?
[Michael McMurray](#) - 01/19/2018

Here is a suggestion. This is what I did, I disconnected the google home from power and hard tap few times on the top after turning it on the mic started to work.
[zeusmos](#) - 04/05/2018



Mine too microphone went bad. Any replacement parts?

[zeusmos](#) - 04/05/2018



IC U2 on top is an ALS (Ambient Light Sensor) for control the brightness of the LEDs.

[Marcel Bässler](#) - 01/02/2019



Any idea which brand/type of LED are these?

[Charles Tseng](#) - 02/10/2020

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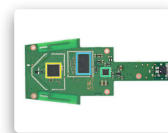
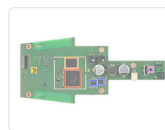
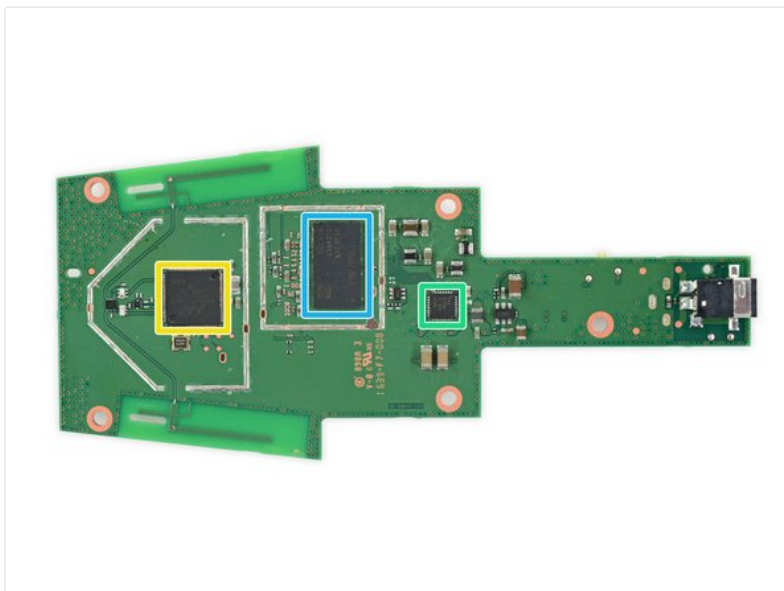
Step 7



- The stretchy o-ring seems to be the key to delving even deeper inside this smart speaker.
- ① In addition to its role as a gatekeeper, this O-ring probably also functions as a vibration dampener.
- This seems a more repair-friendly solution than the layer of stuck-down fabric we [sliced off the Echo](#).
- We pry open the casing and reveal exciting green fields of magic and mystery:
 - The motherboard!

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Step 8



- We're having déjà vu with these chips, as most of them (CPU, flash, and RAM) made an appearance in last year's [Chromecast](#):
- [Marvell 88DE3006 Armada 1500 Mini Plus dual-core ARM Cortex-A7 media processor](#)
- [Toshiba TC58NVG1S3HBA16](#) 256 MB NAND flash
- [Marvell Avastar 88W8887 WLAN/BT/NFC SoC](#)
- [Texas Instruments TAS5720](#) audio amplifier
- [Samsung K4B4G1646E-BYK0](#) 512 MB B-Die DDR3 SDRAM
- [Marvell power management](#)
- [Texas Instruments TS3USB31](#) 480 Mbps USB 2.0 switch

2 comments

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Help....my daughter gave me her Amazon home which she bought in Oz. Like a fool i thought you could plug it in, in the uk (same voltage etc). Now its blown the chip that has the green surround in the picture in step 8. Anyone know where I can get a replacement motherboard or how to fix.

Thank, in anticipation.....Paul

[Paul](#) - 03/20/2018

Sorry that this reply is literally two years late, but you can't fix a single chip on a board like this without some talented microsoldering. I'd just get a new device.

[Liam Powell](#) - 05/02/2020

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Step 9



- The footy bit that holds the magnets for the bottom case also has a mystery cable locked inside it.
- Closer inspection reveals: yet more mystery! The cable sports four contact points. Perhaps more testing points?

Alternate (totally made up) theories:

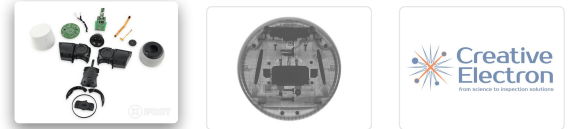
- Recognizes the color of the base, so the Home can coordinate its outfits better.
- Vestigial charging mechanism. (Maybe the Home's architects intended it be a portable device?)
- Abandoned [easter egg](#) dungeon level for teardown engineers.

 [11 comments](#)



-  One comment

Step 11



- Add a comment

Final Thoughts

Minimal moving parts means there are minimal points of failure.

Only standard screws and connectors are used throughout the device.

Many components are modular and can be replaced individually.

The DC-in port is soldered to the motherboard, but is unlikely to experience much wear, considering the device stays plugged in.

The touch board is strongly adhered to the upper case.

Repairability Score



Repairability 8 out of 10
(10 is easiest to repair)

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Scott Havard

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59 COMMENTS

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Does it have GPS?

[Dave Sullivan](#) - 11/07/16

No, that's why it asks you to input your address during the setup process.

[izzy](#) - 11/07/16

Why would a stationary, internet-connected device have a GPS receiver?!

[Rodney McKay](#) - 11/09/16



Amazon advertises that in the Echo, the mute button uses analog electronics to disconnect the microphone so that it's impossible for a software hack to ignore the mute button. Can you tell if this is the case with Google Home?

[Scott Miller](#) - 11/07/16

Great question! I'd also be interested to know this.

[Carl Dean](#) - 11/07/16

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